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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
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11	MARK EDWARD STRICKLEN,	Case	e No. 1:23-cv-007	719-KES-BAM (PC)	
12	Plaintiff,			COMMENDATION TO	
13	v.		DISMISS ACTION FOR FAILURE TO PROSECUTE	OR FAILURE TO	
14	NORDSTROM,	FO	URTEEN (14) DA	AY DEADLINE	
15	Defendant.				
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17	I. Background				
18	Plaintiff Mark Edward Stricklen ("Plaintiff") is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in				
19	forma pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.				
20	On October 6, 2025, the Court issued an order reassigning this case from Magistrate Judge				
21	Gary S. Austin to the undersigned for all further proceedings. (ECF No. 14.) On October 22,				
22	2025, that order was returned as "Undeliverable, Inactive, Discharged, Return to Sender, Refused,				
23	Unable to Forward." Plaintiff's notice of change of address was therefore due on or before				
24	November 21, 2025. Local Rule 183(b).				
25	The Court's October 10, 2025 order finding that Plaintiff may proceed on cognizable				
26	claim and October 14, 2025, order finding service of the complaint appropriate were also returned				
27	as "Undeliverable, Not at CSATF" on October 28, 2205. Plaintiff has not filed a notice of change				
28	of address or otherwise communicated with the Court.				
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## II. Discussion

Plaintiff is required to keep the Court apprised of his current address at all times. Local Rule 183(b) provides:

**Address Changes.** A party appearing <u>in propria persona</u> shall keep the Court and opposing parties advised as to his or her current address. If mail directed to a plaintiff <u>in propria persona</u> by the Clerk is returned by the U.S. Postal Service, and if such plaintiff fails to notify the Court and opposing parties within thirty (30) days thereafter of a current address, the Court may dismiss the action without prejudice for failure to prosecute.

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) also provides for dismissal of an action for failure to prosecute.<sup>1</sup>

Plaintiff's address change was due no later than November 21, 2025. Plaintiff has failed to file a change of address and he has not otherwise been in contact with the Court. "In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, the district court is required to weigh several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions." *Carey v. King*, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440 (9th Cir. 1988) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted); *accord Omstead v. Dell, Inc.*, 594 F.3d 1081, 1084 (9th Cir. 2010); *In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products Liability Litigation*, 460 F.3d 1217, 1226 (9th Cir. 2006). These factors guide a court in deciding what to do, and are not conditions that must be met in order for a court to take action. *In re PPA*, 460 F.3d at 1226 (citation omitted).

Given Plaintiff's failure to update his address or communicate with the Court, the expeditious resolution of litigation and the Court's need to manage its docket weigh in favor of dismissal. *Id.* at 1227. More importantly, given the Court's apparent inability to communicate with Plaintiff, there are no other reasonable alternatives available to address Plaintiff's failure to prosecute this action and his failure to apprise the Court of his current address. *Id.* at 1228–29; *Carey*, 856 F.2d at 1441. The Court will therefore recommend that this action be dismissed based

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Courts may dismiss actions sua sponte under Rule 41(b) based on the plaintiff's failure to prosecute. *Hells Canyon Pres. Council v. U. S. Forest Serv.*, 403 F.3d 683, 689 (9th Cir. 2005) (citation omitted).

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1	on Plaintiff's failure to prosecute this action.			
2	III. Conclusion and Recommendation			
3	Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS that this action be dismissed, without			
4	prejudice, based on Plaintiff's failure to prosecute. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b); Local Rule 183(b).			
5	These Findings and Recommendations will be submitted to the United States District			
6	Judge assigned to the case, under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within <b>fourteen (14)</b>			
7	days after being served with these Findings and Recommendations, the parties may file written			
8	objections with the Court. The document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's			
9	Findings and Recommendations." Objections, if any, shall not exceed fifteen (15) pages or			
10	include exhibits. Exhibits may be referenced by document and page number if already in			
11	the record before the Court. Any pages filed in excess of the 15-page limit may not be			
12	<b>considered.</b> The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may			
13	result in the waiver of the "right to challenge the magistrate's factual findings" on			
14	appeal. Wilkerson v. Wheeler, 772 F.3d 834, 838–39 (9th Cir. 2014) (citing Baxter v. Sullivan,			
15	923 F.2d 1391, 1394 (9th Cir. 1991)).			
16	IT IC CO ODDEDED			
17	IT IS SO ORDERED.			
18	Dated: December 1, 2025 /s/ Bashasa A. McAuliffe			
19	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE			
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